

April 10, 2024

VIA EMAIL AND HAND DELIVERY

Luly E. Massaro, Commission Clerk Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission 89 Jefferson Blvd. Warwick, RI 02888 Luly.massaro@puc.ri.gov

Re: RIPUC Docket No. 23-38-EL; The Narragansett Electric Co. d/b/a Rhode Island Energy's Petition for Acceleration due to DG Project

Dear Ms. Massaro:

Enclosed please find 10 copies of the Pre-Filed Joint Direct Testimony of Ryan Palumbo on behalf of Revity Energy LLC filed in the above-referenced docket matter.

Regards.

Nicholas L. Nybo Senior Legal Counsel

REVITY ENERGY LLC AND AFFILIATES

Copy:

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PRE-FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF RYAN PALUMBO ON BEHALF OF REVITY ENERGY LLC

APRIL 10, 2024

Prepared by:

Ryan Palumbo 117 Metro Center Blvd., Suite 1007 Warwick, RI 02886 (401) 829-0893 ryan@revityenergy.com

- Q. Please state your name and the business address of your employer.
- My name is Ryan Palumbo. I am a Vice President for Revity Energy LLC ("Revity"),
- mailing address: 117 Metro Center Blvd., Suite 1007, Warwick, Rhode Island 02886.
- 4 Q. On whose behalf are you testifying in this matter?
- I am testifying on behalf of the Intervenor, Revity. On December 7, 2023, Revity filed its
- 6 Unopposed Motion to Intervene Pursuant to Rule 1.14 of the Rhode Island Public Utilities
- 7 Commission Rules of Practice and Procedure.
- 8 Q. Have you ever provided testimony to the Rhode Island Public Utilities
- 9 Commission?

- I have never provided testimony to the Commission; however, I have participated in many
- technical sessions in various Commission proceedings.
- 12 Q. What is your educational and professional background?
- I graduated from Roger Williams University with a bachelor's degree in business
- administration with a concentration in finance in 2015. I graduated from the University of
- Tampa with a master's degree in business administration and a master's degree in finance in
- 16 2017. After graduation, I worked for Ziegler & Company as a Senior Analyst in Scottsdale,
- Arizona. I began working for Revity in 2018 as a Vice President in charge of construction and
- permitting, including managing Revity's interconnection portfolio. I have frequently
- interfaced with the Company's personnel on interconnection matters.
- 20 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

The purpose of my testimony is to provide facts relevant to the determination regarding the timing and amount of cost sharing reimbursement to which Revity is entitled arising from the self-performance of and payments made for the system modifications and improvements that were required to interconnect Revity Energy's Weaver Hill Project in West Greenwich, Rhode Island. More specifically, the purpose of my testimony is to articulate the costs incurred by Revity in self-performing certain elements of the interconnection route to service the Weaver Hill Project. Revity is seeking reimbursement of \$12,780,739.98 for expenses incurred during the interconnection of the Weaver Hill Project. This figure includes \$5,917,359.98 for ductbank, conduit procurement, cable procurement, cable pull, design, small contractors, small procurement, and management. The figure also includes \$3,667,000.00 for reimbursement of prior cost-sharing payments to Green Development and \$3,196,380 for reimbursement of prior payments to the Company. The system modifications made to the Company's electric distribution system will benefit the buildout of the Company's Weaver Hill Substation Project.

Q. Please describe Revity's projects impacted by this docket matter?

Revity constructed 7 distributed generation sites totaling 40.7 MW which are impacted by this docket matter. On October 18, 2019, Revity's Robin Hollow Projects entered the interconnection queue through Interconnection Service Application Nos. 29048593, 29048574, 29599253, 29048568, 29048531, 29048550, and 29048488. On May 16, 2022, Revity executed an ISA with the Company, which ISA was amended on July 29, 2022 and again on April 26, 2023.

Revity paid the Company a total of \$7,957,140 as follows:

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2	Application No.	Case No.	Amount
3	29048593	246606	\$1,336,707
4	29048574	246609	\$1,561,913
5	29599253	281561	\$36,324
6	29048568	246610	\$1,518,324
7	29048531	246614	\$1,629,577
8	29048550	246616	\$1,743,530
9	29048488	246617	\$130,765

Revity was instructed by the Company to perform an additional scope of work for the sole benefit of the ratepayer. This scope of work was not related to any of the solar projects in the area and was not included in the approved design. Revity accepted the change order and performed the work which scope of work included: (1) increased duct bank work on Weaver Hill Road from a 6-way duct bank to a 9-way duct bank to support an additional feeder for the Company's substation; (2) an additional 400 to 450 feet of excavation of a depth of 1.5 feet to 2.5 feet; (3) supplemental blasting, hammering and rock processing; and (4) additional conduit, concrete, labor and materials.

Q. Please identify any provisions of the Company's Tariff regarding Standards for Connecting Distributed Generation (R.I.P.U.C. No. 2258) which you believe govern the analysis on this Petition.

Section 5.4 of the Company's Tariff regarding Standards for Connecting Distributed Generation (R.I.P.U.C. No. 2258) (the "Tariff") governs cost segregation as follows:

5.4 Separation of Costs

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- a. The Company may combine the installation of System Modifications with System Improvements to the Company's EDS to serve the Interconnecting Customer or other customers, but shall not include the costs of such System Improvements in the amounts billed to the Interconnecting Customer for the System Modifications required pursuant to this Interconnection Tariff. Interconnecting Customers shall be directly responsible to any Affected System operator for the costs of any System Modifications necessary to the Affected Systems.
- b. Effective for Renewable Interconnecting Customer Applications filed on or after July 1, 2017, in the event that the Commission determines that a specific System Modification of the electric distribution system benefits other customers and has been accelerated due to an interconnection request and orders the Renewable Interconnecting Customer to fund the modification, the Renewable Interconnecting Customer will be entitled to repayment of the depreciated value of the modification as of the time the modification would have been necessary as determined by the Commission. Subsequent Renewable Interconnecting Customers will be responsible for prorated payments within ten

(10) years of the earlier Renewable Interconnecting Customer's payment toward System Modification.

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- c. The Company will consider a system modification to be an accelerated modification if such modification is otherwise identified in the Company's work plan as a necessary capital investment to be installed within a five-year period as of the date the Company begins the impact study of the proposed distributed generation (DG) project (defined as an Accelerated Modification). The Company will identify the Accelerated Modification and the cost thereof in the impact study. The Renewable Interconnecting Customer will be responsible for the identified Accelerated Modification costs less the depreciated value (Modified Costs), which Modified Costs will be estimated in the interconnection service agreement (ISA). Upon reconciliation, final labor, material and depreciation values will be provided based on the actual date of asset installation in the same price categories as originally proposed in the ISA to the customer so that a comparison can be made. The Company will file with the Commission all executed ISAs for Renewable Interconnecting Customer DG projects with an identified Accelerated Modification by July 1 of each year.
- d. Renewable Interconnecting Customers may also petition the Commission directly if the Renewable Interconnecting Customers believes it has been incorrectly charged for an Accelerated Modification under Section 5.4. In these cases, the Renewable Interconnecting Customer shall be responsible to pay for

the cost of the system modification pursuant to the ISA, unless and until a determination has been made by the Commission. In all cases, the Company will be entitled to recover the costs of any unpaid portion of an Accelerated Modification(s) in rates.

Section 5.5 of the Company's Tariff governs the payment procedure for system modifications:

5.5 Normal Payment Procedure

All applications, study fees, and System Modification costs (except as noted below) are due in full prior to the execution of the work as outlined in this Interconnection Tariff. If the anticipated costs exceed \$25,000, the Interconnecting Customer is eligible for a payment plan, including a payment and construction schedule with milestones for both parties. At the request of the Interconnecting Customer, the Company will break the costs into phases in which the costs will be collected prior to Company expenditures for each phase of the study and/or construction including ordering equipment. The payment plan will be attached as an exhibit to the ISA or relevant study agreements. The Company will not be required to initiate any work for which advanced payment has not been received.

The Company within ninety (90) business days after completion of the construction and installation of the System Modifications described in an attached exhibit to the ISA, or completion of the relevant study if the Interconnecting Customer does not execute an ISA, and all Company work orders have been closed, shall provide the

Interconnecting Customer with a final accounting report of any difference between the (a) Interconnecting Customer's cost responsibility under the ISA or relevant study agreement, as the case may be, for the actual cost of such System Modifications and for any Impact or Detailed Study performed by the Company, and (b) Interconnecting Customer's previous aggregate payments to the Company for such System Modifications and studies. Costs that are statutorily-based shall not be subject to either a final accounting or reconciliation under this provision (e.g. statutorily set study fees for the ISRDG), but may be reconciled at any time only if the costs exceed the statutory fee, and the Company seeks to collect actual costs in accordance with the applicable statute, including supporting documentation in the same price categories as originally proposed in the ISA to the customer so that a comparison can be made. To the extent that Interconnecting Customer's cost responsibility in the ISA for the System Modifications and in the Impact and/or Detailed Study Agreements (as applicable) for the studies performed by the Company exceeds the Interconnecting Customer's previous aggregate payments, the Company shall invoice the Interconnecting Customer and the Interconnecting Customer shall make payment to the Company within 45 days. To the extent that the Interconnecting Customer's previous aggregate payments exceed the Interconnecting Customer's cost responsibility under the applicable agreement, the Company shall refund to the Interconnecting Customer an amount equal to the

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difference within forty-five (45) days of the provision of such final accounting report.

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Q. Please describe the Company's cost estimates for the Weaver Hill Project.

On December 13, 2019, the Company issued its Feasibility Study for Case Nos. 246606, 246609, 246610, 246612, 246614, 246616 and 246617 for 18 Weaver Hilld Road stating that the total customer costs for Revity's portion of the interconnection route for the Weaver Hill Project is \$18,958,191.77. This figure included \$16,993,229.00 for capital costs, \$71,787.00 for operations and maintenance costs, \$10,326.00 for removal and \$1,882,849.77 for taxes. The Feasibility Study included the following work: three 3 way manholes; thirty-five 2 way manholes; 800 feet of 2 way, 6" PVC-DB concrete encased duct bank; 3,700 feet of 4 way, 6" PVC-DB concrete encased duct bank; 16.500 feet of 6 way, 6" PVC-DB concrete encased duct bank; two gang-operated load break switches; two pole top reclosers; five primary metering assemblies; four 50'-0" class H1 poles; eleven 50'-0" 1 poles; approximately 900 feet of 3-1/c-477 AL Bare conductor; one gang-operated load break switch; one pole top recloser; one primary metering assembly; two 50'-0" class H1 poles; four 50'0" class 1 poles; approximately 250 feet of 3-1/c-477 AL Bare conductor; extending the Kent County 3309, 34.5 kV circuit underground from existing pole 10-2 Hopkins Hill Road in West Greenwich to the 3309 PCC-POI located at 19 Weaver Hill Road (approximately 4.2 miles); and extending Kent County 3310, 34.5 kV circuit underground from proposed pole 25-50-1 Hopkins Hill Road to 3310 PCC-POI located at 18 Weaver Hill Road (approximately 3.5 miles).

On April 21, 2021, the Company issued its Interconnection Study for Case No. 00246606C for 18 Weaver Hill Road proposing two alternatives for the total customer costs for Revity's portion of the interconnection route for the Weaver Hill Project. Alternative #1 estimated the cost as \$32,280,782 which figure estimated \$28,969,192 for capital costs, \$25,722 for operations and maintenance costs, \$6,705 for removal costs and \$3,279,163 for taxes. Alternative #2 estimated the cost as \$32,725,171 which figure estimated \$29,249,557 for capital costs, \$25,721 for operations and maintenance costs, \$139,666 for removal costs and \$3,310,228 for taxes. Alternative #1 included installation of five 3 way manholes; twenty-one 2 way manholes; 400 feet of 4 way, 6" PVC-DB concrete encased duct bank; 14,600 feet of 9 way, 600 feet of 6" PVC-DB concrete encased duct bank; 1,100 circuit feet of 3-477 AAC; one 35 kV load break switch; one 35 kV recloser; two disconnect switches; six primary meters along six disconnect switches at point of common coupling; 250 feet of 3-1/c-477 AL Bare conductor; one 35 kV load break switch; one 35 kV recloser; two single-phase transformers and one primary meter at point of common coupling; extending the Kent County 3309, 34.5 kV circuit underground from Pole #10-2 Hopkins Hill Road to the 2209 PCC-POI located at 18 Weaver Hill Road (approximately 4.3 miles); and extending the Kent County 3310, 34.5 kV circuit underground from proposed Pole #25-1 Hopkins Hill Road to the 3310 PCC-POI located at 18 Weaver Hill Road. Alternative #2 included installation of five 3 way manholes; twenty-one 2 way manholes; 400 feet of 2 way, 6" PVC-DB concrete encased duct bank; 14,600 feet of 4 way, 6" PVC-DB concrete encased duct bank; 600 feet of 9 way, 6" PVC-DB concrete encased duct bank; 1,100 circuit feet of 3-477 AAC, one 35 kV load break switch,

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one 35 kV recloser; two disconnect switches and six primary meters with six disconnect switches at the point of common coupling; install 250 feet of 3-1/c-477 AL Bare conductor; one 35 kV load break switch; one 35 kV recloser; two single-phase transformers and one primary meter at the point of common coupling; extending the Kent County 3309, 34.5 kV circuit underground from Pole #10-2 Hopkins Hill Road to the 2209 PCC-POI located at 18 Weaver Hill Road (approximately 4.3 miles); and extending the Kent County 3310, 34.5 kV circuit underground from proposed Pole #25-1 Hopkins Hill Road to the 3310 PCC-POI located at 18 Weaver Hill Road. Section 1.2 of the Tariff allows the Impact Study to have a probability of accuracy of plus or minus twenty-five percent (+/- 25%).

Q. Please describe the actual costs incurred by Revity for the self-performed interconnection work for the Weaver Hill Project.

Revity's actual costs for self-performing the work for Case Nos. 246606, 246609, 246610, 246612, 246614, 246616 and 246617 for 18 Weaver Hill Road was \$6,639,370.40. These costs have been audited by Entrust, the Company's independent third-party auditor. The reimbursable expenses owed to Revity for the work Revity self-performed is \$5,917,359.98.

Q. Please describe Revity's position regarding timing of reimbursement of cost-shared interconnection work.

Pursuant to the aforementioned Section 5.5 of Tariff for Standards for Connecting Distributed Generation (R.I.P.U.C. No. 2258), the Company shall provide the interconnecting customer with a final accounting report within 90 days after completion of the construction and installation of the System Modifications. The final accounting shall report (a) the

interconnecting customer's cost responsibility under the interconnection service agreement or the relevant study agreement and (b) the interconnecting customer's previous aggregate payment to the Company for system modifications and studies. To the extent that the interconnecting customer's previous aggregate payments exceed the customer's cost responsibility under the applicable agreement, the Company shall refund the interconnecting customer an amount equal to the difference within forty-five (45) days of the final accounting report. On January 10, 2024, the Company confirmed that all work requests for the Weaver Hill interconnection project were closed.

Q. Do you agree with the findings sought by the Company's October 17, 2023 Pre-Filed Joint Direct Testimony?

I agree that the System Modifications described in the testimony required to interconnect the Nooseneck, Robin Hollow, and Studley Solar Projects will benefit both the DG Projects and the Company's distribution customers. I agree that the costs of the depreciated value of the System Improvement should be recovered from distribution customers through the Company's Infrastructure, Safety and Reliability Provision, RIPUC No. 2199. I agree that paying developers sooner rather than later promotes the purposes of the Distributed Generation Interconnection Act.

Q. Do you agree with the Company's recommended approach in this matter?

I agree with the Company's recommended approach to pay developers for the specific system improvements that benefited distribution customers, less the estimated depreciated

value, at the time that the project is placed in service, the third-party audit and verification is complete, and the project is fully reconciled.

O. Do you agree with the Company's alternative approach?

No, I do not agree with the Company's alternative approach to pay the developer in FY 2027 the final cost of the system modification less the depreciation of the asset from FY 2025 through FY2026. This approach does not promote the purposes of the Distributed Generation Interconnection Act (R.I. Gen. Laws § 39-26.3-1, *et seq.*), this approach does not allow developer to reinvest capital and install additional distributed generation in the State and, as the Company has stated, "[f]rom an administrative standpoint, waiting to pay the developer may create challenges" because "[a]ny time payment is delayed, for potentially years, there is risk ownership is transferred or legal statuses change making payment more complicated."

If the Commission were to consider the Company's alternative approach, Revity would respectfully request that the Commission order payment of interest at the Rhode Island statutory rate of twelve percent (12%) accruing during the period of time that developers are required to wait for repayment.

Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

Yes.

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