## **BEFORE THE**

## **PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION**

## **OF RHODE ISLAND**

BLOCK ISLAND POWER COMPANY

DOCKET NO. 3655

**DIRECT TESTIMONY** 

)

OF

THOMAS S. CATLIN

ON BEHALF OF THE
DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES AND CARRIERS

**APRIL 2005** 

**EXETER** 

ASSOCIATES, INC. 5565 Sterrett Place Suite 310 Columbia, Maryland 20904

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# Direct Testimony of Thomas S. Catlin

1		<u>Introduction</u>
2	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS?
3	A.	My name is Thomas S. Catlin. I am a principal and Vice President with Exeter
4		Associates, Inc. Our offices are located at 5565 Sterrett Place, Suite 310, Columbia,
5		Maryland 21044. Exeter is a firm of consulting economists specializing in issues
6		pertaining to public utilities.
7	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND.
8	A.	I hold a Master of Science Degree in Water Resources Engineering and Management
9		from Arizona State University (1976). Major areas of study for this degree included
10		pricing policy, economics, and management. I received my Bachelor of Science Degree
11		in Physics and Math from the State University of New York at Stony Brook in 1974. I
12		have also completed graduate courses in financial and management accounting.
13	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR PROFESSIONAL
14	``	EXPERIENCE?
15	A.	From August 1976 until June 1977, I was employed by Arthur Beard Engineers in
16		Phoenix, Arizona, where, among other responsibilities, I conducted economic feasibility,
17		financial and implementation analyses in conjunction with utility construction projects. I
18		also served as project engineer for two utility valuation studies.

From June 1977 until September 1981, I was employed by Camp Dresser &
McKee, Inc. (CDM). Prior to transferring to the Management Consulting Division of
CDM in April 1978, I was involved in both project administration and design. My
project administration responsibilities included budget preparation and labor and cost
monitoring and forecasting. As a member of CDM's Management Consulting Division, I
performed cost of service, rate, and financial studies on approximately 15 municipal and
private water, wastewater and storm drainage utilities. These projects included:
determining total costs of service; developing capital asset and depreciation bases;
preparing cost allocation studies; evaluating alternative rate structures and designing
rates; preparing bill analyses; developing cost and revenue projections; and preparing rate
filings and expert testimony.

In September 1981, I accepted a position as a utility rates analyst with Exeter Associates, Inc. I became a principal and vice-president of the firm in 1984. Since joining Exeter, I have continued to be involved in the analysis of the operations of public utilities, with particular emphasis on utility rate regulation. I have been extensively involved in the review and analysis of utility rate filings, as well as other types of proceedings before state and federal regulatory authorities. My work in utility rate filings has focused on revenue requirements issues, but has also addressed service cost and rate design matters. I have also been involved in analyzing affiliate relations, alternative regulatory mechanisms, and regulatory restructuring issues. This experience has involved electric, natural gas transmission and distribution, and telephone utilities, as well as water and wastewater companies.

HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED IN REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS ON UTILITY RATES?

√ Q.

1	A.	Yes. I have previously presented testimony on more than 200 occasions before the
2		Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and the public utility commissions of Arizona,
3		California, Colorado, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Florida, Idaho, Illinois,
4		Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, Ohio,
5		Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, the City of Philadelphia, Utah, Virginia and West Virginia, as
6		well as before this Commission. I have also filed rate case evidence by affidavit with the
7		Connecticut Department of Public Utility Control and have appeared as an expert witness
8		on behalf of the Louisiana Public Service Commission before the Nineteenth Judicial
9		District Court of Louisiana.
10	Q.	ARE YOU A MEMBER OF ANY PROFESSIONAL SOCIETIES?
11	A.	Yes. I am a member of the American Water Works Association (AWWA) and the
12		Chesapeake Section of the AWWA. I currently serve on the AWWA's Rates and
13		Charges Committee and on the AWWA Water Utility Council's Technical Advisory
14		Group on Economics.
15	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU APPEARING?
16	A.	I am presenting testimony on behalf of the Division of Public Utilities and Carriers (the
17		Division).
18	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
19	A.	Exeter Associates was retained by the Division to assist it in the evaluation of the rate
20	*	filing submitted by the Block Island Power Company (BIPCo or the Company) on
21		December 17, 2005. This testimony presents my findings and recommendations with
22		regard to the overall revenue increase to which BIPCo is entitled. In developing my
23		recommendations, I have incorporated the recommendation of my associate, Mr.

Lafayette K. Morgan, with regard to the appropriate allowance for cash working capital.

24

1	Q.	HAVE TOU PREFARED SCHEDULES TO ACCOMPANT TOUR
2		TESTIMONY?
3	A.	Yes. I have prepared Schedules TSC-1 through TSC-14. Schedule TSC-1 provides a
4	,	summary of revenues and expenses under present and proposed rates. Schedule TSC-2
5		summarizes my adjustments to BIPCo's proposed rate year rate base. Schedule TSC-3
6		provides a summary of my adjustments to rate year operating expenses and the resulting
7		net income at present rates. Schedule TSC-4 provides a proof of income taxes at present
8		and proposed rates. Schedules TSC-5 through TSC-14 present each of my adjustments to
9		BIPCo's claimed rate base and operating income.
10	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.
11	A.	As shown on Schedule TSC-1, I have determined BIPCo's overall non-fuel revenue
12		requirement to be \$2,303,404. This represents an increase over revenues at present rates
13		of \$194,147. This is the amount by which revenues fall short of generating the overall
14		return on rate base of 6.36 percent which I have identified on behalf of the Division.
15	Q.	WHAT TIME PERIODS HAVE YOU UTILIZED IN MAKING YOUR
16		DETERMINATION OF BIPCO'S REVENUE REQUIREMENTS?
17	A.	Consistent with BIPCo's filing, I have utilized a test year ended May 31, 2004 and a rate
18		year ending May 31, 2006 as the basis for determining the Company's revenue
19		requirements and the rate increase necessary to recover those requirements.
20	Q.	HOW IS THE REMAINDER OF YOUR TESTIMONY ORGANIZED?
21	A.	The remainder of my testimony is organized into sections corresponding to the issue or
22		topic being addressed. These sections are set forth in the table of contents for this
23		testimony.
24		

1		Rate of Return
2	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE BASIS FOR THE OVERALL RETURN OF 6.36
3		PERCENT WHICH YOU HAVE UTILIZED IN DETERMINING YOUR
4		RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE APPROPRIATE RATE
5		ADJUSTMENT FOR BIPCO.
6	A.	In its filing, BIPCo has proposed that it be allowed to earn a return on equity of 11.70
7		percent, which was the return on equity which it was allowed in its last rate case in 1991.
8		I am proposing to adjust the allowed return of equity to 10.50 percent. As shown on page
9		3 of Schedule TSC-1, incorporating this 10.50 percent return on equity in the Company's
10		proposed capital structure results in an overall rate of return of 6.36 percent. I would note
11		that in utilizing the Company's proposed capital structure and debt costs, I have
12		incorporated the additional debt issuances of approximately \$925,000 which the
13		Company included in FY 2005 and FY 2006 at an interest rate of 6 percent. Once
14		additional information is available regarding the amount of debt and the associated
15		interest rate, I will revise the Division's position accordingly.
16	Q.	HAVE YOU CONDUCTED A DISCOUNTED CASH FLOW (DCF) OR
17		OTHER ANALYSIS OF BIPCO'S COST OF EQUITY?
18	A.	No. I have utilized a return of equity based on information provided by the Division
19		regarding the most recent return on equity allowed by the Commission. It is my
20	`	understanding that the Commission approved a settlement which incorporated a 10.5
21		percent return on equity for Narragansett Electric Company. Similar to the Company, the
22		Division concluded that the cost of fully litigating the rate of return issues for BIPCo was
23		not justified because of the small number of dollars involved. For example, my
24		adjustment to reduce the allowed ROE from 11.7 percent to 10.5 percent only reduces the

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25		a deduction from rate base was calculated by multiplying the cumulative balance of tax-
24	A.	The balance of accumulated deferred income taxes which the Company has recognized as
23		BALANCE OF ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES.
22	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE ADJUSTMENT THAT YOU HAVE MADE TO THE
21		Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes
20	**	
19		level. It may also need to consider seeking additional equity contributions.
18		dividends or making other capital pay-outs until its equity ratio reaches a reasonable
17		to take steps to increase its equity ratio. For example, the Company should avoid paying
16		In this proceeding, it is my belief that the Commission should encourage BIPCo
15		increased equity, it would have also reduced debt.
14		paid out. Had this \$135,000 been reinvested in new engines, it would have not only
13		to its stockholders. In FY 2002, \$90,000 of proceeds from the sale of another engine was
12	A.	Yes. In FY 2000, BIPCo distributed \$45,031 for the proceeds from the sale of an Engine
l 1		STOCKHOLDERS?
10		ADDITIONAL CAPITAL INFUSIONS FROM THE EXISTING
9		OF EQUITY CAPITAL WITHOUT REQUIRING THE SALE OF STOCK OR
8	Q.	HAS BIPCO HAD ANY OPPORTUNITIES TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT
7		improvement exclusively with long-term debt.
6		This appears to be due, at least in part, to the practice of financing most major capital
5	A.	Yes. The Company's claimed equity ratio is only 17.26 percent, which is extremely low.
4		RATE OF RETURN?
3	Q.	DO YOU HAVE ANY ADDITIONAL COMMENTS WITH REGARD TO
2		recommended rate base.
l		overall revenue requirement by approximately \$14,000 based on the Division's

•		book timing differences by a federal income tax rate of 15 percent. This tax rate only
2		applies to the first \$50,000 of income. The effective federal tax rate for corporations with
3		less than \$10,000,000 of income is 34 percent. Accordingly, I have adjusted the balance
4		of accumulated deferred income taxes to reflect a federal income tax rate of 34 percent.
5		This adjustment increases deferred income taxes and reduces rate base by \$201,947. The
6		derivation of this amount is presented on Schedule TSC-5.
7		
8		Materials & Supplies
9	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENT HAVE YOU MADE TO THE BALANCE OF
10		MATERIALS & SUPPLIES?
11	A.	The allowance for materials and supplies which BIPCo included in rate base was the per
12		books balance as of the end of the test year. In order to recognize the fluctuation in the
13		balance of materials and supplies over the course of the year, I have made an adjustment
14		to reflect an allowance equal to the 12-month average. This adjustment increases the
15		balance of materials and supplies included in rate base by \$21,325, as shown on Schedule
16		TSC-6.
17		
18		<u>Prepayments</u>
19	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE WHAT IS INCLUDED IN BIPCO'S CLAIMED
20	`. <sub>\</sub>	ALLOWANCE FOR PREPAYMENTS.
21	A.	BIPCo's claimed rate base allowance for prepayments consists of three components:

\$7,424 for prepaid insurance, \$2,220 for other prepayments and \$20,000 for prepaid

22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because of the income brackets in the federal tax tables the effective tax rate for income between \$100,000 and \$335,000 is slightly below 34 percent. However, because BIPCo's deferred tax timing differences exceed \$335,000, this difference is not applicable.

1		management fees. Like materials and supplies, these balances were based on the
2		balances as of the end of the test year.
3	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO THE BALANCE OF
4		PREPAYMENTS CLAIMED BY BIPCO?
5	A.	I have adjusted the balance of prepaid insurance and other prepayments to reflect a 12-
6		month average. For prepaid insurance, this increases the balance by \$13,512, as shown
7		on Schedule TSC-6. For other prepayments, the balance was constant throughout the
8		year at \$2,220, so this change has no effect on rate base. With regard to the claim for
9		prepaid management fees, I have eliminated the Company's claimed balance of \$20,000.
10		I do not believe that the management fee should be prepaid relative to other operating
11		expenses such as wages or outside vendors. Moreover, to the extent that the management
12		fee is prepaid, ratepayers should not be required to pay a return on that fee as a result of
13		management's decision to pay that fee in advance of other operating expenses. The net
14		effect of the adjustments which I have made to prepayments, as shown on Schedule TSC-
15		6, is to reduce rate base by \$6,488.
16		
17		Engine No. 25 Investment
18	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN WHAT ADJUSTMENT YOU HAVE MAE TO THE RATE
19		YEAR INVESTMENT ASSOCIATED WITH THE NEW ENGINE NO. 25.
20	A.	At the time of its filing, BIPCo estimated that it would invest \$609,411 in a new Engine
21		No. 25 during FY 2005, the interim year between the test year and the rate year. BIPCo
22		has now entered into an arrangement with the engine supplier under which it will pay for
23		the costs of the switchgear, SCR equipment and installation costs in FY 2005. It will
24		then have the option to buy the engine at a discounted price in the FY 2006 rate year.
25		The overall cost, if the option to purchase is exercised, will be \$580,114.

As shown on Schedule TSC-7, I have adjusted rate year investment to reflect the revised cost agreement for Engine No. 25. Based on including the full amount of the costs incurred in FY 2005 and one-half of the additional costs to purchase the engine in the rate year, the average rate year investment will be \$492,614. This represents a reduction of \$116,797 in the average rate year plant balance included in BIPCo's filing. I would note that I have separately accounted for the effects of the reduced investment on depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation.

Q.

A.

## **Depreciation Accruals**

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO RATE YEAR
 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION.

In its filing, BIPCo inadvertently included a rate year allowance for depreciation expense of \$226,761 rather than the rate year depreciation accrual of \$304,040 which is calculated based on rate year plant. I have adjusted rate year depreciation expense to reflect the accruals associated with rate year plant. However, I have made two changes to the \$304,040 accrual calculated by BIPCo. First, I have adjusted the plant subject to depreciation to reflect the revised cost estimate for Engine No. 25. Second, I have utilized 20-year life for that engine rather than the 10-year life utilized in BIPCo's calculation of rate year depreciation expense. As shown on Schedule TSC-8, I have calculated rate year depreciation expense to be \$272,118. This reflects an increase of \$45,357 compared to the depreciation allowance included in BIPCo's rate year income statement.

WHY DID YOU REFLECT A 20-YEAR LIFE FOR THE NEW ENGINE
RATHER THAN THE TEN-YEAR LIFE REFLECTED BY BIPCO IN ITS
CALCULATION?

1	A.	I utilized a 20-year life for the new Engine No. 25 because that is the service life which
2		has been utilized for all of BIPCo's other engines. The Company has not provided any
3		basis for using a life of only 10 years for the new engine.
4	Q.	WHAT IS THE EFFECT OF YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO DEPRECIATION
5		EXPENSE ON THE BALANCE OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
6		DEDUCTED FROM RATE BASE?
7	A.	Unlike depreciation expense, the Company did recognize its rate year depreciation
8		accrual of \$304,040 in developing the balance of accumulated depreciation recognized as
9		a rate base deduction. As a result, the rate year depreciation accrual of \$272,118 which I
10		have recommended will reduce the end of rate year balance of accumulated depreciation
11	ì	by \$31,922. As shown on Schedule TSC-8, this reduces the average balance of
12		accumulated depreciation and increases rate base by \$15,961.
13		
14		Additional Cubatation Danuariation
		Additional Substation Depreciation
15	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL
15 16	Q.	
	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL
16		PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL SUBSTATION DEPRECIATION?
16 17		PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL SUBSTATION DEPRECIATION?  BIPCo has proposed to include an additional annual allowance for substation
16 17 18		PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL SUBSTATION DEPRECIATION?  BIPCo has proposed to include an additional annual allowance for substation depreciation of \$30,000. According to company witness Walter Edge, the purpose of this
16 17 18 19	A.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL SUBSTATION DEPRECIATION?  BIPCo has proposed to include an additional annual allowance for substation depreciation of \$30,000. According to company witness Walter Edge, the purpose of this additional allowance is to more closely match depreciation expense for the substation,
16 17 18 19 20	A.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL SUBSTATION DEPRECIATION?  BIPCo has proposed to include an additional annual allowance for substation depreciation of \$30,000. According to company witness Walter Edge, the purpose of this additional allowance is to more closely match depreciation expense for the substation, currently about \$30,000 per year, with the principal payments for the debt used to finance
16 17 18 19 20 21	A.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL SUBSTATION DEPRECIATION?  BIPCo has proposed to include an additional annual allowance for substation depreciation of \$30,000. According to company witness Walter Edge, the purpose of this additional allowance is to more closely match depreciation expense for the substation, currently about \$30,000 per year, with the principal payments for the debt used to finance the substation of approximately \$60,000 per year. This difference in depreciation

It is my recommendation that the Company's proposal to increase the depreciation
expense associated with the substation to match the principal payments on the debt be
rejected. Matching depreciation expense with principal payments is not an appropriate
justification for shortening the time period and increasing the rate at which the costs are
recovered from ratepayers. Providing the capital necessary to finance the assets needed
to provide safe and reliable service is one of the obligations of investors for which they
are provided a return on their investment. It is not the obligation of ratepayers.
Accordingly, I have eliminated the \$30,000 of additional substation depreciation claimed
by BIPCo, as shown on Schedule TSC-9.

Q.

A.

A.

## Payroll and Related Costs

WHAT ADJUSTMENTS ARE YOU PROPOSING TO MAKE TO THE
COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR PAYROLL AND RELATED EXPENSES?

In developing its rate year payroll expense claim and the associated costs for profit

sharing, FICA/Medicare taxes and unemployment taxes, BIPCo included wage rate increases of 5 percent for both FY 2005 and FY 2006. Because actual wage increases of approximately 5 percent for FY 2005 were granted effective June 1, 2004, I have accepted the FY 2005 claim. However, I am proposing to limit the wage increases recognized for FY 2006 to 3 percent. This will result in average increases of approximately 4 percent for FY 2005 and FY 2006. This is consistent with BIPCo's recent experience of granting 4 percent annual wage increases (based on the increases granted from FY 2002 to FY 2004).

The second adjustment I have made to payroll and the related costs relates to the treatment of capitalized wages and benefits. During the test year, \$14,913 of salaries and wages were capitalized. However, in developing the claimed level of payroll for the rate

1		year, the Company assumed that all salaries and wages would be charged to O&M and
2		none capitalized. I have adjusted rate year salaries and wages to recognize that a portion
3		of those costs will continue to be capitalized.
4	Q.	HAVE YOU PREPARED A SCHEDULE WHICH SHOWS THE DERIVATION
5		OF YOUR ADJUSTMENT?
6	A.	Yes. The derivation of my adjustment to payroll and labor related costs is presented on
7		Schedule TSC-10. As shown there, I started with the total FY 2005 payroll of \$401,504
8		claimed by the Company. I reduced this amount by \$15,659 of capitalized labor to derive
9		the amount charged to O&M. I calculated the capitalized labor for FY 2005 amount by
10		increasing the capitalized labor for the test year by the 5 percent wage increase granted
11		for FY 2005. To arrive at the rate year salaries and wages, I simply escalated the FY
12		2005 amounts by the 3 percent wage increase which I have proposed to recognize. This
13		results in rate year salaries and wages charged to O&M of \$399,468. This represents a
14		reduction of \$23,475 to BIPCo's claim.
15		Schedule TSC-10 also shows the associated adjustments to profit sharing expense
16		FICA/Medicare taxes and unemployment taxes which result from the adjustments I have
17		made to payroll. In calculating the overall amounts of these expenses, I have accepted
18		the Company's percentage allowance for profit sharing expense. As shown on Schedule
19		TSC-10, the adjustments to these payroll related costs total a reduction of \$2,583 (\$704
20	Α,	plus \$1,796 plus \$83) and are primarily caused by recognizing the portion capitalized.
21		
22		Management Fee
23	Q.	WHAT CLAIM HAS THE COMPANY MADE FOR A MANAGEMENT FEE?
24	A.	The Company is seeking approval to include \$212,000 in the rate year cost of service for
25		a management fee. The management fee is paid to the four owners of the Company for

1		their roles in serving as the President, Chief Operating Officer, Secretary/Treasurer and
2		advisor to the President.
3	Q.	ARE THERE OTHER INDIVIDUALS INVOLVED IN THE MANAGEMENT
4		OF BIPCO?
5	A.	Yes. BIPCo employs a full-time Vice President/General Manager and retains an outside
6		accounting firm to assist with financial and accounting management.
7	Q.	HAVE YOU PREPARED AN ANALYSIS OF THE OVERALL LEVEL OF
8		COMPENSATION OF BIPCO'S MANAGEMENT?
9	<b>A.</b> .	To evaluate the overall reasonableness of the compensation paid to BIPCo's management
10		personnel, I have made a comparison of that compensation to the compensation paid to
11		the management personnel of Pascoag Utility District (Pascoag). Pascoag is relatively
12		close in size to BIPCo (4,200 plus customers for Pascoag versus approximately 1,700 for
13		BIPCo) compared to other Rhode Island electric utilities. And, while Pascoag does not
14		have generation operations, it has both electric and water utility operations. Finally,
15		Pascoag's management employees are all full-time, which is not the case for BIPCo.
16		As shown at the top of Schedule TSC-11, the total salaries which Pascoag pays to
17		its management employees for calendar year 2005 is \$224,500. This includes the total
18		paid to its general manager, assistant general manager and customer service and
19		accounting manager for both electric and water division operations. Pascoag employees
20	×	receive a 10 percent retirement plan contribution compared to the 3 percent profit sharing
21		contributions made on behalf of BIPCo employees. Therefore, to be conservative, I have
22		included the 10 percent retirement contribution for Pascoag in deriving the total
23		management compensation for Pascoag of \$247,000.
24		To determine the comparable amount of management compensation for BIPCo, I
25		have included the General Manager's salary for FY 2005 plus the 3 percent retirement

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		contribution applicable to that safary. I have also included \$24,000 out of the total fees
2		paid to Bacon & Edge based on the amount identified in the minutes of BIPCo's May 15,
3		2004 Board of Director's meeting as the stipend for bookkeeping and financial advice.
4		These amounts total \$111,389 as shown on Schedule TSC-11. When the \$212,000
5		management fee is added to this amount, the total management compensation for BIPCo
6		is \$323,389 compared to \$247,000 for Pascoag.
7	Q.	ARE YOU PROPOSING AN ADJUSTMENT TO BIPCO'S CLAIMED
8		MANAGEMENT FEE?
9	A.	Yes, I am proposing to reduce BIPCo's claimed management fee by \$76,389. This
10		represents the amount by which BIPCO's total claimed management compensation
11		exceeds that of Pascoag.
12		
13		Health Insurance Premiums
14	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENT HAVE YOU MADE TO HEALTH INSURANCE
15		PREMIUMS?
16	A.	In BIPCo's filing, the medical and dental insurance premiums for the rate year were
17		estimated. Actual premiums for the period beginning April 1, 2005 are now known.
18		Accordingly, I have updated to reflect these actual premiums. In addition, based on the
19		responses to Division 1-34, it appears that Mr. Edwards will no longer be eligible to
20	`*s	participate in the medical plan now that he has retired as President of the Company.
21		Therefore, I have not included a premium expense for him. As shown on Schedule TSC-
22		12, this adjustment reduces rate year expense by \$31,475.
23		

1		Engine Maintenance
2	Q.	WHAT CLAM HAS BIPCO MADE FOR ENGINE MAINTENANCE
3		EXPENSE?
4	A.	The Company has included a total of \$190,000 in the rate year for engine maintenance
5		expense. This claim is comprised of \$40,000 for routine maintenance and \$150,000 for
6		major maintenance. Major maintenance includes \$100,000 for the complete overhaul of
7		Engine No. 22 and \$50,000 for the top-end maintenance of Engine No. 23.
8	Q.	HAS THE COMPANY MADE ANY REVISIONS TO ITS ESTIMATED RATE
9		YEAR COSTS FOR ENGINE MAINTENANCE?
10	A.	Yes. In an updated response to Division 1-41, BIPCo has now indicted that a top end
11		rather than complete overhaul will be required on Engine 22. This reduces the projected
12		rate year expense by approximately \$50,000.
13	Q.	HOW DOES THE COMPANY'S CLAIM COMPARE TO ACTUAL
14		EXPERIENCE?
15	A.	Schedule TSC-13 provides a summary of engine maintenance expenses for each year
16		from FY 2000 through FY 2004 based on the account level detail presented on Schedule
17		DGB-2 accompanying BIPCo witness David Bebyn's testimony. As indicated there, the
18		expenditures in FY 2000 through 2002 ranged from \$26,460 to \$34,201. In FY 2003 the
19		amount spent increased to \$113,347 and in FY 2004, the total was \$95,931. Overall, the
20		average for the last five years was \$60,009. For FY 2003 and FY 2004, the average was
21		\$104,639.
22	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENT ARE YOU PROPOSING TO MAKE TO THE
23		COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ENGINE MAINTENANCE EXPENSE?
24	A.	As noted previously, the response to Division 1-41 indicated that BIPCo has reduced its
25		major maintenance expense estimate from \$150,000 to approximately \$100,000 for the

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rate year. This response also indicates that the projected major maintenance expenditures are \$100,000 in FY 2007 and \$50,000 in FY 2008 and FY 2009. Accordingly, BIPCo's filed claim should be reduced by at least \$50,000.

Moreover, as shown on Schedule TSC-13, BIPCo's actual expenditures on engine maintenance have been well below the amount claimed for the rate year, even after reflecting the \$50,000 reduction in major maintenance. Absent a more detailed explanation and documentation that an expense level of \$140,000 is justified, I am proposing to limit the allowance for engine maintenance to the average expense for FY 2003 and FY 2004 of \$104,639. This represents a reduction of \$85,361 to BIPCo's filed claim and a reduction of \$35,361 beyond the \$50,000 reduction in major maintenance costs acknowledged in response to Division 1-41.

Q.

A.

# **Insurance Premiums**

Q. HOW WAS THE COMPANY'S CLAIM FOR ITS PROPERTY AND
 LIABILITY INSURANCE PREMIUMS DEVELOPED?

In the Company's filing, the expense for property and liability insurance premiums is based on the projected premiums applicable for the rate year. This projection was calculated based on 27 days of the actual premiums for the policy year ended June 27, 2005 and 338 days of the projected premiums for the policy year beginning June 28, 2005. The premiums for the policy year beginning June 28, 2005 were projected based on the assumption that those premiums would increase by 11 percent over the premiums for the prior policy year.

WHAT ADJUSTMENT ARE YOU PROPOSING TO MAKE TO THE COMPANY'S CLAIM?

The projected premiums for the 2006 policy year are not known at this time and the projected increase of 11 percent is speculative. Accordingly, I have adjusted the expense for property and liability insurance to reflect the most recent actual premiums-- currently, those for the policy year ended June 27, 2005. If the premiums for the plan year ending June 27, 2006 become available before the close of the record, I will review those premiums and adjust my recommendation as appropriate. As shown on Schedule TSC-14, this adjustment reduces rate year expense by \$8,606.

Q.

A.

Q.

A.

A.

## **SCR Maintenance**

WHAT CLAIM HAS BIPCO MADE FOR SCR MAINTENANCE COSTS?

BIPCo has included \$100,272 in rate year expense for SCR maintenance. Approximately \$82,000 of this total is for the replacement of the catalysts installed with the SCR units.

The replacement of the catalysts is the result of the problems which have required replacement on an almost annual basis, even though the catalysts were supposed to last for up to five years.

WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION WITH REGARD TO THIS CLAIM? The response to TOWN-31 indicates that BIPCo is working with a new company in an attempt to resolve the problems with the catalysts and avoid the need for the expense of replacing them on such a frequent basis. Because of the uncertainty, I have not made an adjustment to reduce this expense. Instead, I am proposing that the Commission require the Company to set up a reserve account to track actual catalyst replacement costs. The \$82,000 included in rate year costs would be accrued into the reserve each year costs would be credited to the account each year and actual costs incurred for the replacement of the catalysts would be charged against the reserve. At the time of the Company's next

rate case, the costs charged to the reserve can be reviewed an	nd any surplus or shortfall
can be addressed.	

A.

#### **Federal Income Taxes**

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO RESTATE FEDERAL
 INCOME TAX EXPENSE.

In the Company's filing, federal income taxes were adjusted from the test year level to the rate year level in one step based on the proposed income at proposed rates. In order to show income taxes at present rates and to facilitate the calculation of the required rate increase, I have made an adjustment to show rate year income taxes at present rates. I have then separately calculated the income taxes associated with the rate increase. These tax calculations are shown on Schedule TSC-4.

As part of my income tax calculations, I have made two corrections to the Company's income tax claim. First, in the calculation of the Company's income tax claim, the excess tax depreciation and other timing differences which give rise to deferred income taxes were not recognized as deductions to current income taxable income. As a result, rate year income taxes were overstated by an amount equal to the rate year deferred income taxes. For simplicity, I have calculated total federal income taxes by applying the 34 percent marginal income tax rate to taxable income without separately netting out excess tax depreciation and then calculating deferred income taxes on that excess.

Second, in calculating rate year income taxes required at proposed rates, the Company multiplied the required return on equity by the 34 percent marginal income tax rate. (See Schedule WEE-18.) This fails to account for the fact that the revenues collected to pay the taxes on the equity return are themselves subject to income taxes.

1		(This is referred to as "the tax-on-tax effect.") As a result, the Company's filing
2		understated income taxes at proposed rates. I have corrected this in my calculations of
3		the required rate increase.
4		I would note that the effects of these two corrections to income taxes are largely
5		offsetting. Without any of the Division's other adjustments to BIPCo's filing, the two
6		income tax corrections reduce the Company's claimed revenue deficiency from \$463,171
7		to \$458,564, a change of only \$4,607.
8	Q.	HAVE YOU MADE ANY OTHER CHANGES TO THE INCOME TAX
9		CALCULATIONS?
10	A.	Yes. I have adjusted the interest expense used to calculate taxable income to reflect the
11		Division's recommended rate base multiplied by the weighted cost of debt. This
12		procedure synchronizes the interest deduction for income tax purposes with the interest
13		component of the return on rate base to be recovered from ratepayers. As shown at the
14		bottom of Schedule TSC-4, this adjustment reduces the interest deduction by \$16,624
15		compared to that recognized by BIPCo. This increases federal income taxes by \$5,652.
16	Q.	DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR PREFILED DIRECT TESTIMONY?
17	A.	Yes, it does.

#### BEFORE THE

## **PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION**

## OF RHODE ISLAND

**BLOCK ISLAND POWER COMPANY** 

**DOCKET NO. 3655** 

SCHEDULES ACCOMPANYING THE

)

**DIRECT TESTIMONY** 

**OF** 

THOMAS S. CATLIN

ON BEHALF OF THE

**DIVISION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES AND CARRIERS** 

**APRIL 2005** 

**EXETER** 

ASSOCIATES, INC. 5565 Sterrett Place Suite 310 Columbia, Maryland 20904

## Summary of Operating Income Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

	Pe	Amounts er Company at Present Rates (1)	Division ljustments	Р	Amounts er Division at Present Rates	ro Forma ncrease		Amounts Proposed Rates
Operating Revenue Electricity Sales Revenue Customer Charge Revenue Late Payment Charges Other Revenue	\$	1,697,000 215,000 15,499 181,758	 -	\$	1,697,000 215,000 15,499 181,758	\$ 194,147 - -	\$	1,891,147 215,000 15,499 181,758
Total Revenue	\$	2,109,257	\$ -	\$	2,109,257	\$ 194,147	\$ :	2,303,404
Operating Revenue Deductions Operating Expenses Depreciation Expense Miscellaneous Expense Taxes Other Than Income		1,800,177 256,761 674 150,717	(226,010) 15,357 - (1,879)		1,574,167 272,118 674 148,838	 - - 7,766		1,574,167 272,118 674 156,604
Total Operating Deductions	\$	2,208,329	\$ (212,532)	\$	1,995,797	\$ 7,766	\$ :	2,003,563
Operating Income Before Taxes	\$	(99,072)	\$ 212,532	\$	113,460	\$ 186,381	\$	299,841
Income Taxes Amortization of Prepaid Taxes Federal Income Taxes Deferred Income Taxes		(6,073) 31,623 18,382	(58,601) (18,382)		(6,073) (26,978)	 63,370	ANY AND ADDRESS.	(6,073) 36,392
Total Income Taxes	\$	43,932	\$ (76,983)	\$	(33,051)	63,370	\$	30,319
Utility Operating Income		(143,004)	 289,515	_\$_	146,511	 123,011	\$	269,522
Rate Base	\$_	4,604,693	 (365,503)	\$	4,239,190		\$	4,239,190
Rate of Return		-3.11%			3.46%			6.36%

# Determination of Revenue Increase Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

		 Amount	Source	
Recommended Rate Base per Division		\$ 4,239,190	Schedule TSC-2	1
Required Rate of Return		 6.36%	Schedule TSC-1, page 3	
Net Operating Income Required		\$ 269,522		
Net Operating Income at Present Rates		 146,511	Schedule TSC-3	
Net Income Surplus/(Deficiency)		\$ (123,011)		
Revenue Multiplier		 1.57828		
Revenue Increase/(Decrease)		\$ 194,147		
Revenue Increase/(Decrease)		\$ 194,147		
Rhode Island Gross Earnings Tax	4.0%	\$ 7,766		
Federal Income Tax	34%	 63,370		
Net Income Surplus/(Deficiency)		\$ 123,011		

## Rate of Return Summary Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

Capital Source	Ba	alance (1)	Capitalization Ratio	Cost Rate (2)	Weighted Cost Rate
Total Debt		4,138,521	82.74%	5.50%	4.55%
Common Equity	*	863,535	17.26%	10.50%	1.81%
Total	\$	5,002,056	100.00%		6.36%

- (1) Per Schedule WEE-17
- (2) Cost rate for debt calculated from Schedule WEE-17

## Summary of Rate Base Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

<u>Description</u>		Balance per mpany Filing		Division ustments (1)	F	Balance Per Division
Plant in Service	\$	8,002,271		(116,797)	\$	7,885,474
Reserve for Depreciation	<del></del>	(3,296,979)		15,961		(3,281,017)
Net Utility Plant	\$	4,705,293	\$	(100,836)	\$	4,604,457
Cash Working Capital Materials & Supplies Prepayments Total Working Capital	\$	190,197 45,525 29,643 265,365	\$	(77,557) 21,325 (6,488) (62,720)	\$	112,640 66,850 23,155 202,645
Deferred Credits		(206,533)		-		(206,533)
Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes Other	<del></del>	(159,432)	***************************************	(201,947)		(361,379)
Total Rate Base	\$	4,604,693	\$	(365,503)	\$	4,239,190

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 2 of this schedule.

# Summary of Adjustments to Rate Base Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

	 Amount	Source
Rate Base per Company Filing	\$ 4,604,693	Schedule WEE-16
Division Adjustments		
Cash Working Capital Restate Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes Materials & Supplies Prepayments Updated Engine No. 25 Cost Revised Depreciation Expense	 (77,557) (201,947) 21,325 (6,488) (116,797) 15,961	Schedule LKM-1 Schedule TSC-5 Schedule TSC-6 Schedule TSC-6 Schedule TSC-7 Schedule TSC-8
Total Division Adjustments	\$ (365,503)	
Adjusted Rate Base per Division	\$ 4,239,190	

# Summary of Adjustments to Net Income Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

	 Amount	Source
Net Income per Company	\$ (143,004)	Schedule WEE-2
Division Adjustments		
Rate Year Depreciation Eliminate Additional Substation Depreciation Labor and Labor Related Expenses Management Fees Actual Health Insurance Premiums Major Engine Maintenance General Insurance Premiums Income Tax Corrections Interest Synchronization	(29,935) 19,800 17,198 50,417 20,774 56,338 5,680 154,896	Schedule TSC-8 Schedule TSC-9 Schedule TSC-10 Schedule TSC-11 Schedule TSC-12 Schedule TSC-13 Schedule TSC-14 Schedule TSC-4
Total Division Adjustments	\$ (5,652) 289,515	Schedule TSC-4
Adjusted Net Income per Division	\$ 146,511	

BLOCK ISLAND POWER COMPANY

Summary of Adjustments to Net Income Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

	Revenue	O&M and Other	Depreciation	Taxes Other Than Income	Federal Income Tax	Deferred Federal Income Tax	Invest Tax Credit	ا ا	Net Operating Income
Net Income per Company	\$2,109,257	\$1,800,851	\$ 256,761	\$ 150,717	\$ 31,623	\$ 18,382	\$ (6,073)		\$ (143,004)
Division Adjustments									
Rate Year Depreciation	1	ı	45,357	ı	(15,421)		•		(29,935)
Eliminate Additional Substation Depreciation	t	•	(30,000)	1	10,200	1	i		19,800
Labor and Labor Related Expenses	•	(24,179)		(1,879)	8,859	1	•		17,198
Management Fees	•	(76,389)	•	•	25,972	,	ı		50,417
Actual Health Insurance Premiums	•	(31,475)	1	ı	10,702	ı	i		20,774
Engine Maintenance	•	(85,361)			29,023		,		56,338
General Insurance Premiums	•	(8,606)	ı	1	2,926	ı	1		5,680
Income Tax Corrections	ı	1	1	•	(136,514)	(18,382)	ı		154,896
Interest Synchronization	ŀ		1	***************************************	5,652		ı		(5,652)
Total Division Adjustments	ι <del>છ</del>	\$ (226,010)	\$ 15,357	\$ (1,879)	\$ (58,601)	\$ (18,382)	↔	↔	289,515
Division Adjusted Net Income	\$2,109,257	\$1,574,841	\$ 272,118	\$ 148,838	\$ (26,978)	· &	\$ (6,073)	\$	146,511

BLOCK ISLAND POWER COMPANY

Income Tax Reconciliation Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006 (\$000)

	Pre A	Corrected Amount at Present Rates	Ad	Division Adjustments	Ad D D	Adjusted per Division at Present Rates	Pro Inc	Proposed Revenue Increase	AP.	Amount at Proposed Rates
Operating Income before Taxes	↔	(99,072)	₩	212,532	↔	113,460	به	186,381	↔	299,841
Adjustments to Taxable Income Interest Expense Other		(209,431)		16,624		(192,807)		ı	Ü	(192,807)
Total Adjustments	s	(209,431)	ક્ક	16,624	₩	(192,807)	↔	1	\$	(192,807)
Income Subject to Federal Income Tax	↔	(308,503)	↔	229,156	₩	(79,347)	€>	186,381	↔	107,034
Total Federal Income Tax at 34% Less: Bracket Savings	€	(104,891)	₩	77,913	↔	(26,978)	&	63,370	€	36,392
Current Federal Income Tax	↔	(104,891)	↔	77,913	φ.	(26,978)	<del>⇔</del>	63,370	↔	36,392
Calculation of Interest Deduction Rate Base Weighted Cost of Debt Interest Deduction	φ φ	4,604,693 4.55% 209,431	₩	(16,624)	₩ ₩	4,239,190 4.55% 192,807			& & 4,	\$ 4,239,190 4.55% \$ 192,807
Federal Income Tax Effect at 34% Interest Synchronization Adjustment			8	5,652 5,652						

# Adjustment to Restate Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes to Reflect 34 Percent Marginal Tax Rate Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

		Total Adjustment Test Year Balance
Average Balance of Deferred Income Taxes per Company Filing Based on 15% Tax Rate (1)	\$	159,432
Divide by Tax Rate	-	15%
Average Balance of Underlying Timing Differences	\$	1,062,878
Marginal Federal Income Tax Rate		34%
Restated Balance of Deferred Federal Income Taxes	\$	361,379
Adjustment to Rate Base	\$	(201,947)

#### Note:

(1) Per Schedule WEE-13 and responses to DIV 1-49 and 1-50.

## Adjustment to Materials and Supplies and Prepayments to Reflect Average Balances Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

		terials and pplies (1)	Prepaid surance (2)	Prepaid other (1)	Ma	Prepaid nagement Fee (1)
June	\$	54,358	\$ 3,586	2,220		20,000
July		58,366	(376)	2,220		20,000
August		60,977	16,916 <sup>°</sup>	2,220		20,000
September		64,900	13,282	2,220		20,000
October		67,129	8,464	2,220		20,000
November		67,129	42,905	2,220		20,000
December		68,090	48,060	2,220		20,000
January		78,126	39,933	2,220		20,000
February		78,269	31,806	2,220		20,000
March		78,269	23,679	2,220		20,000
April		81,065	15,552	2,220		20,000
May		45,525	 7,424	 2,220		16,000
Total	\$	802,203	\$ 251,231	\$ 26,640	\$	236,000
Average Balance Division Adjustment	\$	66,850	\$ 20,936	\$ 2,220	\$	19,667 (19,667)
Adjusted Balance	\$	66,850	\$ 20,936	\$ 2,220	\$	- (13,007)
Amount Per Company (3)	<del></del>	45,525	 7,424	 2,220	*************	20,000
Adjustment to Rate Base	\$	21,325	\$ 13,512	\$ -	\$	(20,000)

- (1) Monthly balances per response to DIV 1-62.
- (2) Balances for January through April per response to DIV 1-62 were unchanged from December. These balances have been adjusted to reflect uniform drawdown of prepayment between December and May.
- (3) Per Schedule WEE-16 and respnse to DIV 1-62.

## Adjustment to Reflect Updated Replacement Plan for Engine No. 25 Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

Updated Cost Estimate (1)	 Amount
Initial Costs (FY 2005) Engine Purchase (Rate Year)	\$ 405,114 175,000
Total Cost	\$ 580,114
Average Rate Year Balance (2)	\$ 492,614
Original Estimated Cost (Interim Year) (3)	 609,411
Adjustment to Average Rate Year Plant in Service	\$ (116,797)

- (1) Per response to DIV 1-61 and informal follow-up.
- (2) Based on initial costs in interim year plus one-half of rate year engine purchase cost.
- (3) Per testimony of Walter Edge at page 28.

#### Adjustment to Reflect Rate Year Depreciation Expense Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

	Service Life (1)	_	End of Fest Year alance (2)		Additions		End of ate Year alance (1)	De	ate Year epreciation epense (3)
Access Electric	20	\$	87,252	\$	-	\$	87,252	\$	3.308
Aid in Construction	20		181,697	•	-	•	181,697	Ψ	6,613
Communication Equipment	15		262,680		-		262,680		16,609
Fuel System	16		374,609		-		374,609		21,981
Furniture & Fixtures	Fully Depr.		1,327		_		1,327		- 1,001
Land and Land Rights	Fully Depr.		79,610		_		79,610		_
Lines	20		190,978		-		190,978		7,295
Meters	20		159,663		-		159,663		3,512
Office Furniture and Equipment	5		87,684		15,000		102,684		808
Oil Polution Equipment	Fully Depr.		63,005		-		63,005		-
Overhead Devices	20		588,906		315,000		903,906		22,464
Poles	20		199,892		-		199,892		4,713
Generation Equipment (4)	20		2,547,578		580,114		3,127,692		143,685
Street Lighting	20		16,292		-		16,292		324
Structures and Improvements	40		263,189		-		263,189		1,610
Structures and Improvements-Substations	40		1,661,363		55,000		1,716,363		43,948
Tools, Shop and Garage Equipment	7		25,431		-		25,431		322
Transportation Equipment	16		460,056		-		460,056		8.886
Underground	20		744,886		-		744,886		28,230
Vaults	20		28,971		-		28,971		870
Negative Fixed Assets (Contributions In Aid)	20		(861,209)		-		(861,209)		(43,060)
Total Amount		\$	7,163,860	\$	965,114	\$	8,128,974	\$	272,118
Depreciation Expense per Company Filing									226,761
Adjustment to Depreciation Expense								\$	45,357
								***************************************	
Depreciation Reserve Effect									Amount
Rate Year Depreciation Accrual per Company (	1)							\$	304,040
Rate Year Depreciation Accrual per Division									272,118
Adjustment to End of Rate Year Reserve Balan	ce							\$	(31,922)
Adjustment to Average Rate Base								\$	15,961

- (1) Per Responses to DIV 1-43, 1-44 and 4-8, except as noted.
- (2) Per Schedule WEE-9.
- (3) Per response to DIV 4-8, except where noted.
- (4) Additions have been adjusted to reflect updated costs per Schedule TSC-7. Depreciation has been calculated based on 20 year life and one half year's depreciation has been included on the rate year portion of additions.

## Adjustment to Eliminate Additional Substation Depreciation Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

	 Amount
Proposed Additional Depreciation per Company (1)	\$ 30,000
Amount per Division	 
Adjustment to Depreciation Expense	 (30,000)

## Note:

(1) Per Schedule WEE-11.

#### Adjustment to Labor and Related Costs Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

		Y 2005 Jages (1)	Y 2006 /ages (2) 3.0%	 Profit Sharing 3.0%		FICA & ledicare 7.65%	Uner	nployment Tax
Alpers Foote Fowler Hiccox Martin Milner Sovoie Wagner	\$	40,817 36,203 41,601 34,127 61,345 65,438 37,129 84,844	\$ 42,042 37,289 42,849 37,198 63,185 67,401 38,243 87,389	\$ 1,261 1,119 1,285 1,116 1,896 2,022 1,147 2,622		3,216 2,853 3,278 2,846 4,834 5,156 2,926 6,685	\$	266 266 266 266 266 266 266 266
Total	\$	401,504	\$ 415,597	\$ 12,468	\$	31,793	\$	2,128
Capitalized Labor (3)	_\$	(15,659)	 (16,128)	 (484)	•	(1,234)	\$	(83)
Net Labor Expense	\$	385,845	\$ 399,468	\$ 11,984	\$	30,559	\$	2,045
Amount Per Company (4)			 422,943	 12,688		32,355		2,128
Adjustment to Expense			\$ (23,475)	\$ (704)	\$	(1,796)	\$	(83)

- (1) Per Schedule WEE-4a and response to DIV 4-3.
- (2) Reflects 3% increase for all employees except Hiccox, for which a 9% increase is included.
- (3) FY 2005 and FY 2006 capitalized labor calculated by applying 5% and 3% wage increases to prior year amounts.
- (4) Per Schedules WEE-4, WEE-6 and WEE-10.

## Adjustment to Proposed Management Fee Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

Pascoag (1)	 Amount
Comparable Management Compensation (1) Management Salaries Retirement Contribution at 10%	224,500 22,500
Total Pascoag Management Compensation	\$ 247,000
BIPCO	
General Manager Salary (Wagner) (2)	\$ 84,844
Retirement Contribution at 3%	2,545
Bookkeeping & Financial (3)	24,000
Management Compensation before Management Fee	\$ 111,389
Management Fee	212,000
Total BIPCO Management Compenation	\$ 323,389
Adjustment to Claimed Management Fee	\$ (76,389)

- (1) Based on compensation of General Manager, Assistant General Manager and Customer Service and Accounting Manager at Pascoag Utilities for 2005.
- (2) FY 2004-05 salary per Schedule WEE-4a.
- (3) Based on stipend to Walter Edge for bookkeeping and financial advice for FY 2004-05 per minutes of May 15, 2004 Board of Directors Meeting.

# Adjustment to Medical and Dental Insurance Expense Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

	Monthly Medical Premium (1)		Monthly Dental emium (2)	<u>P</u>	Total Annual remiums
Alpers Foote Fowler Hiccox Martin Milner Sovoie Wagner Edwards	\$	457.30 731.68 1,211.85 457.30 1,074.66 1,211.85 1,211.85	\$ 34.98 103.83 103.83 34.98 103.83 103.83 103.83	\$	5,907 10,026 15,788 5,907 14,142 15,788 15,788
McGinnes		457.30	 34.98		5,907
Total	\$	8,025.64	\$ 727.92	\$	105,043
Months		12	12		
Annual Expense	\$	96,308	\$ 8,735	\$	105,043
Amount Per Company (3)		127,689	8,829		136,518
Adjustment to Expense	\$	(31,381)	\$ (94)	\$	(31,475)

- (1) Reflects Blue Cross/Blue Shield Premiums for April 2005 through March 2006 per response to DIV 4-6.
- (2) Reflects Delta Dental Premiums for April 2005 through March 2007 per response to DIV 4-6.
- (3) Per Schedule WEE-5b. Does not include Medical Reimbursement for Slate.

# Adjustment to Major Engine Maintenance Expense Rate Year Ending May 31, 2996

Engine Maintenance Expenes (1)		Amount
Fiscal Year 2000 Fiscal Year 2001 Fiscal Year 2002 Fiscal Year 2003 Fiscal Year 2004	\$	26,460 30,106 34,201 113,347 95,931
Total	\$	300,045
Five Year Average Two Year Average (FY2003 - FY2004)	<b>\$</b>	60,009 104,639
Division Recommended Allowance	\$	104,639
Amount Per Company Filing (2)		190,000
Adjustment to Rate Year Expense	_\$	(85,361)

- (1) Per Schedule DGB-2
- (2) Per Schedule WEE-3.

# Adjustment to Reflect Actual General Insurance Premiums Rate Year Ending May 31, 2006

	 Amount
Insurance Premiums for Policy Year Ended June 27, 2005 (1)	\$ 111,313
Rate Year Insurance Expense per Company (1)	 119,919
Adjustment to Insurance Expense	\$ (8,606)

## Note:

(1) Per Schedule WEE-11.